

Please write clearly in	n block capitals	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	\(\)

GCSE COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 2 Computing concepts

Thursday 25 May 2023

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

- There are no additional materials required for this paper.
- You must **not** use a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Use pencil only for drawing.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

• The total number of marks available for this paper is 90.

Advice



For Examiner's Use						
Question	Mark					
1–6						
7						
8						
9–10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16	_					
TOTAL						

For the multiple	-chc	oice questions, c	ompl	etely	/ fill i	n the	e lozenge ald	ongside	the ap	propria	ate ans	swer
CORRECT METHOD	•	WRONG METHODS	%	•		\$						

If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.

If you wish_to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



The number base 2 is called binary. Shade one lozenge to show which number base is called hexadecimal. [1 mark] A 6	Shade one lozenge to show which number base is called hexadecimal. [1 mark] A 6 B 8 C 10 D 16 Shade two lozenges to show the statements that are true about hexadecimal. [2 marks] A Hexadecimal can represent a greater range of numbers than binary. B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.			Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	
B 8 C 10 D 16 Shade two lozenges to show the statements that are true about hexadecimal. [2 marks] A Hexadecimal can represent a greater range of numbers than binary. B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	B 8 C 10 D 16 D 16 Shade two lozenges to show the statements that are true about hexadecimal. [2 marks] A Hexadecimal can represent a greater range of numbers than binary. B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	0 1.1			[1 mark]
Shade two lozenges to show the statements that are true about hexadecimal. [2 marks] A Hexadecimal can represent a greater range of numbers than binary. B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	Shade two lozenges to show the statements that are true about hexadecimal. [2 marks] A Hexadecimal can represent a greater range of numbers than binary. B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.		В	8	
B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	B Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary. C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	0 1.2			
C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	C Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary. D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.		Α	Hexadecimal can represent a greater range of numbers than binary.	0
D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	D Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary. E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.		В	Hexadecimal is easier for people to read than binary.	
E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary. O 2.1 Convert the decimal number 171 into binary.	E Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary. F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary. O 2.1 Convert the decimal number 171 into binary.		С	Hexadecimal is faster for a computer to process than binary.	
F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	F Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.		D	Hexadecimal is more accurate than binary.	0
0 2 . 1 Convert the decimal number 171 into binary.	0 2 . 1 Convert the decimal number 171 into binary.		E	Hexadecimal takes less space in RAM than binary.	0
			F	Hexadecimal takes less time to type than binary.	0
		0 2.1	Con	vert the decimal number 171 into binary.	[1 mark]

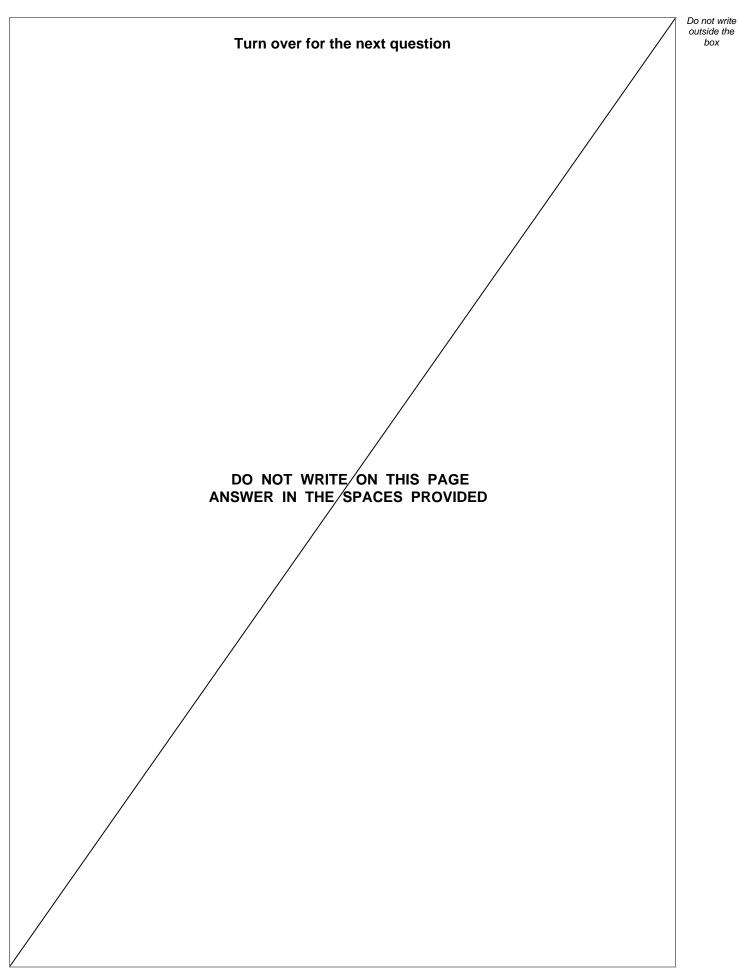


0 2.2	Convert the hexadecimal number 2D into binary.	
	You should show your working.	[2 marks]
	Answer	
0 3	Add together the following three binary numbers and give your answer in b	inary. [2 marks]
	0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 + 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1	
0 4	Convert 16 000 000 bits to megabytes (MB). You should show your working.	[2 marks]
	Answer	MB



0 5	Describe the binary shift that would be used to divide a binary number by four. [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
0 6.1	When a sound wave is converted to a digital form it is sampled. The sampling rate is measured in hertz (Hz). Define the term hertz. [1 mark]	
0 6.2	A sampling rate of 20 000 Hz and a sample resolution of four bits is used to make a digital recording of a sound that lasts 50 seconds. What is the minimum file size of the recording in megabytes (MB)? You should show your working. [3 marks]	
	AnswerMB	15







		Do not wr
0 7 . 1	The term pixel is short for Picture Element.	outside th box
	Define the term pixel .	
	[1 mark]	
0 7.2	Figure 1 shows a 5 pixel x 5 pixel image. A minimum colour depth of two bits is needed to store the image.	
	Figure 1	
	Evolois how the image in Figure 1 can be represented as a hitman	
	Explain how the image in Figure 1 can be represented as a bitmap. [3 marks]	



7 . 3	A 10 p	oixel x	(10 p	ixel ir	mage	conta	ains fi	ve dif	feren	t colo	urs.					
	Calcul	late th	ne mii	nimur	n file	size,	in bits	s, of t	his im	age \	when	repre	esent	ed as	a bit	map.
	You s	hould	shov	you	r work	king.									ro .	m a rlcal
															[Z]	marks]
						Ans	wer									bits
						71110	woi									
. 4	A blac	k and	d whit	e ima	ige ha	as be	en co	mpre	ssed	using	run le	ength	enco	oding	(RLE	Ξ).
	The fin												and th	ne rei	maini	ng
	The in										un of	30 w	/hite	oixels	and	is
	represented by the bit pattern shown in Figure 2. Figure 2															
						1							1	1	I	
	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
		the s	ame	l RLE i	<u>l</u> metho	d, giv	l ve the	bit p	atterr	for a	ı blac	k and			<u> </u>	0 at has
	Using	the s of 64	ame white	RLE i	metho	od, giv	l ve the	bit p	atterr	for a	ı blac	k and			<u> </u>	
	Using a run	the s of 64	ame white	RLE i	metho	od, giv	l ve the	bit p	atterr	for a	ı blac	k and			ige th	
	Using a run	the s of 64	ame white	RLE i	metho	od, giv	l ve the	bit p	atterr f 15 b	for a	ı blac	k and			ige th	at has
	Using a run	the s of 64	ame white	RLE i	metho	od, giv	l ve the	bit p	atterr f 15 b	for a	ı blac	k and			ige th	at has

0 8 . 1	Define the term hardware. [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
0 8.2	Describe the role of each of the following components of a CPU: [3 marks] Clock	
	Control unit	
	Register	
0 8.3	Give one reason why a CPU with two cores might perform faster than an equivalent CPU with only one core. [1 mark]	



	9		
0 8 . 4	Define the term non-volatile memory .	[1 mark]	Do not w outside t box
0 8 . 5	Give one example of a type of volatile memory in a computer system.	[1 mark]	
0 8 . 6	Explain why secondary storage is required in a computer system.	[2 marks]	
	Turn over for the next question		9

0 9.1	Define the term software. [1 mark]	Do not outside bo.
0 9.2	Define the term system software. [1 mark]	- -
0 9.3	Define the term application software. [1 mark]	- -
1 0 . 1	Explain the role of main memory in the execute stage of the Fetch-Execute cycle. [2 marks]	- - -
1 0 . 2	Describe the other two stages of the Fetch-Execute cycle. [2 marks] Fetch stage	- - - -
	Decode stage	7



1 1. 1 Complete the truth table for the **XOR** logic gate.

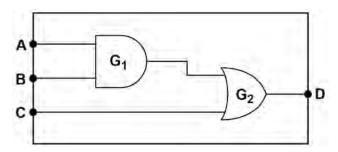
Do not write outside the box

[1 mark]

Α	В	A XOR B
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	

Figure 3 shows a logic circuit.

Figure 3



1 1 . 2 State the type of logic gate labelled **G**₁ in **Figure 3**.

[1 mark]

Write a Boolean expression to show how the output **D** is calculated from the inputs **A**, **B** and **C** in **Figure 3**.

You **must** use the correct symbols for the Boolean operators in your expression.

[2 marks]

D =

4



1 2 . 1

Figure 4 shows three programs (**A**, **B**, **C**) that add two numbers and output the result. The programs are written in different programming languages.

Figure 4

Α	В	С
x = 14 y = 3 z = x + y OUTPUT(z)	LDR R0, #14 LDR R1, #3 ADD R2, R0, R1 STR R2, 63 OUT R2	0000 00001110 0001 00000011 0110 00010000 1010 10111111 1110 00000000

Identify the type of programming language used for each program shown in **Figure 4** by writing **A**, **B** or **C** in the correct row of **Table 2**.

You **must** only use each letter once.

[2 marks]

Table 2

	A, B or C
Assembly language	
High-level language	
Machine code	

1 2 . 2	State one advantage of writing programs in assembly language instead of a high-level language.
	[1 mark]



				5
1 2.3	Shac	de one lozenge to show which statement is true about program translate	ors. [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
	Α	A compiler translates all the original program code before execution.	0	
	В	Compiled code still needs the original program code to execute.	0	
	С	Compiled code executes more slowly than code that is being interpreted.	0	
	D	Interpreters generate machine code directly.	0	4

Turn over for the next question



1 3.1	Describe two differences between a PAN and a WAN. [2 marks			o not write utside the box
	Diffe	erence 1		
	Diffe	erence 2		
1 3.2	Sha	de two lozenges to show which statements are true about LANs.	[2 marks]	
	Α	LANs always use the Ethernet protocol.	0	
	В	LANs always use wireless technology.	0	
	С	LANs are usually controlled or owned by a single organisation.	0	
	D	LANs connect a maximum of 150 devices.	0	
	E	LANs cover one room, building or site.	0	
1 3.3	State	e two differences between a bus topology and a star topology.	[2 marks]	
	Diffe	erence 1		
	Diffe	erence 2		



Define the term network protocol .	[2 marks]
The application layer and the transport layer are two of the layers within the TCP/IP model.	
What are the names of the other two layers of the TCP/IP model?	[2 marks]
1	
2	
	The application layer and the transport layer are two of the layers within the TCP/IP model. What are the names of the other two layers of the TCP/IP model?

Turn over for the next question



1 4

A teacher keeps a record of books loaned to students.

The teacher uses a relational database containing three tables, **BookCopy**, **Student** and **Loan**. **Figure 5** shows some data from the tables.

Figure 5

BookCopy

CopyID	BookTitle
HT001	HTML 4 Fun
PB002	Python Basics
GC001	GCSE Computing
GC002	GCSE Computing
GC003	GCSE Computing
GC004	GCSE Computing
RG001	GCSE Revision Guide

Student

StudentID	FirstName	LastName	YearGroup
TUC004	Barry	Tucker	8
WAY002	Shania	Wayneton	10
KOW001	Bartek	Kowalski	11
AZE001	Faisal	Azeez	9
BAK007	Jolene	Baker	11
ANA002	Aisha	Anand	11
OKA003	Sani	Okafor	10

Loan

LoanID	StudentID	CopyID	DepositPaid
L0001	TUC004	HT001	0.50
L0002	WAY002	GC004	2.00
L0003	KOW001	GC001	2.00
L0004	TUC004	PB002	0.75
L0005	BAK007	RG001	2.50
L0006	BAK007	GC002	2.00
L0007	OKA003	GC003	2.00



1 4 . 1	Shad	de two lozenges to show which of the following statements are bene	fits of	Do not write outside the box
		ional databases.	[2 marks]	
	A	All the information can be stored in one table.		
	В	Redundant data is less likely to be stored.		
	С	Tables don't need primary keys.		
	D	There are less likely to be data inconsistencies.		
1 4.2	State	e one field in the Loan table that is a foreign key.	[1 mark]	
1 4.3	State	e the most suitable data type for the DepositPaid field in the Loan ta	able. [1 mark]	
		Question 14 continues on the next page		

Figure 5 has been included again below.

Figure 5

BookCopy

CopyID	BookTitle
HT001	HTML 4 Fun
PB002	Python Basics
GC001	GCSE Computing
GC002	GCSE Computing
GC003	GCSE Computing
GC004	GCSE Computing
RG001	GCSE Revision Guide

Student

StudentID	FirstName	LastName	YearGroup
TUC004	Barry	Tucker	8
WAY002	Shania	Wayneton	10
KOW001	Bartek	Kowalski	11
AZE001	Faisal	Azeez	9
BAK007	Jolene	Baker	11
ANA002	Aisha	Anand	11
OKA003	Sani	Okafor	10

Loan

LoanID	StudentID	CopyID	DepositPaid
L0001	TUC004	HT001	0.50
L0002	WAY002	GC004	2.00
L0003	KOW001	GC001	2.00
L0004	TUC004	PB002	0.75
L0005	BAK007	RG001	2.50
L0006	BAK007	GC002	2.00
L0007	OKA003	GC003	2.00



		Do not write
1 4.4	Year 11 students must return their books after they have finished their GCSE exams.	outside the box
	Using the database shown in Figure 5 , write an SQL query that lists all the loans for students who are in Year 11.	
	The query must only return: • both names of the student • the ID of the book borrowed • the deposit paid.	
	The results must be in ascending order of the students' last names. [6 marks]	
1 4 . 5	Barry Tucker has returned their copy of the book Python Basics.	
	Complete the SQL to delete the loan record for the book PB002. [2 marks]	
	DELETE FROM	
	WHERE	12



1 5	Wearable devices, such as smartwatches and fitness trackers, have become more popular in recent years. This has led to an increase in the amount of personal, health-related data being collected by technology companies.	Do not write outside the box
	Discuss the: • benefits of collecting personal, health-related data using wearable devices • data privacy issues related to the collection of personal, health-related data • legal issues related to the collection of personal, health-related data. [9 marks]	
		9



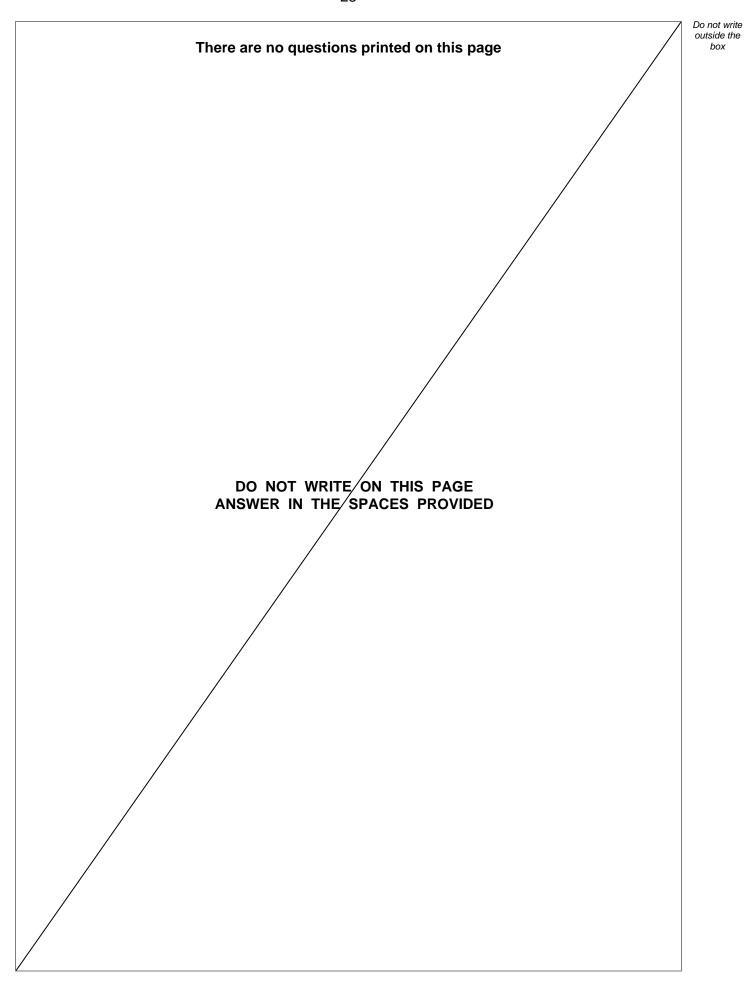
1 6.1	Define the term cyber security. [2 marks]	Do not write outside the box
1 6.2	State one type of malware. [1 mark]	
	Question 16 continues on the next page	

2 1

		Do not write
1 6 . 3	The network manager of a new computer games company, AQAware, is configuring the network. They are concerned about potential cyber security threats that could affect the company's systems.	outside the box
	Discuss the potential impact of the following threats on AQAware:	
	 weak and default passwords 	
	misconfigured access rights	
	unpatched and/or outdated software.	
	In your response you should include:	
	how these threats could be exploited by an attacker	
	how AQAware could protect themselves against these threats.	
	[9 marks]	
		12
		_

END OF QUESTIONS







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
	3



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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